Sensor Networking for Enhanced Airspace Monitoring

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Detect the Difference

Who we are .. Company Profile



- → Founded 1985
- → Grown at an annual average of 30%
- → ~\$50 Million in Fiscal 2002
- At present ~250 employees

→ Facilities

- Headquarters Dewitt, New York
- Branch Office Long Island, New York
- Branch Office Atlantic City, New Jersey
- Field Office Washington DC

→ Key Programs

- Prime Contractor on FAA ASDE-X
- Sensor Data Sub System Lead on the USMCC CAC2S Program
- Key Interface roles on STARS, DASR, BI-6 programs
- Partnered with Harris on FTI



Detect the Difference

What we do - 30,000ft High Level Overview



Generally Speaking, we don't make radars nor do we make Air Traffic Control Consoles, we provide hardware and software to improve surveillance coverage as well as systems to convert data into useful information



What we do - 10,000ft High Level Overview



Detect the Difference







Step 1 - Distributed Message Processing

- Convert Digital Radars to IP Formats
- Convert Analog Radars to IP Formats
- Multilaterate Beacon Returns to a High Precision IP Radar Format





Step 2 - Sensor Optimization and Communication Gateways

- → Management of All Sensor Sources
- All radars have different characteristics
 - Clutter Reduction, Geo Filtering
 - Optimizing each sensor to the requirements of the application









Step 1 - Distributed Message Processing CGW and SSDP



Step 3- Multi-Sensor Fusion

- Taking the information from <u>ALL</u> relevant sensors to produce the best possible air picture
- → Better accuracies
- → Higher Update rates







Step 1 - Distributed Message Processing Radar Data

Step 4- Data Processing

- Putting real-time and nonrealtime data in a modern database
- Producing web pages of distilled information for decision support
- Can be used to create usage reports and analysis for air space usage







Step 1 - Distributed Message Processing

Slide - 8

Step 5 - Interfacing into existing systems

- Translating Digital Data to existing digital systems
- Synthesizing Analog
 Video for analog displays





Step 6 - Wireless Links

- TIS-B Broadcast of an Air Picture to planes in the sky and ships at sea
- \rightarrow Experience in Mode S, UAT, Link 16, CEC, and **TCN**



Decision Support Tools



Step 1 - Distributed Message Processing

Slide - 10

What we do - Product Level Overview



How we can help

- Fuse Local FAA Sensors of Opportunity to provide better surveillance over the desired coverage area.
- Use Wide-Area Multilateration to enhance sensors to provide GPS like accuracy at a 1 second update rate without any additional aircraft equipage
- Distill and present a broad set of data products to many interested parties via a web enabled decision support tool
- → Uplink the air picture via a number of data links

